

# Kofax FraudOne Report Component Installation Guide

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**KOFAX**

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# Preface

## Related documentation

The full documentation set for Kofax FraudOne is available at the following location:

<https://docshield.kofax.com/Portal/Products/FO/4.6.0-e4jy6kf7pr/FO.htm>

In addition to this guide, the documentation set includes the following items:

### **Release notes**

- *Kofax FraudOne Release Notes*

### **Technical specifications**

- *Kofax FraudOne Technical Specifications*

### **Guides**

- *Kofax FraudOne Administrator's Guide*
- *Kofax FraudOne Archive Interface Server*
- *Kofax FraudOne ASV Blackbox*
- *Kofax FraudOne Common API Specifications for GIA Engines*
- *Kofax FraudOne Data Warehouse Installation and Operation Guide*
- *Kofax FraudOne Extended Reporting Features and Statistics*
- *Kofax FraudOne Feature Codes*
- *Kofax FraudOne Global Fraud Signature Web Service Developer's Guide*
- *Kofax FraudOne Installation and Migration Guide*
- *Kofax FraudOne Java Client Customization Guide*
- *Kofax FraudOne Java Client Customization Layer*
- *Kofax FraudOne Service Program Configuration*
- *Kofax FraudOne Service Program Interfaces*
- *Kofax FraudOne SignCheck Result Codes*
- *Kofax FraudOne Standard Reporting Features and Statistics*
- *Kofax FraudOne The Book on CRS*
- *Kofax FraudOne Thin Client Customization Guide*
- *Kofax FraudOne Variant Cleanup Utility*

## Help

- *Kofax FraudOne Administration Client Help*
- *Kofax FraudOne Error Messages Help*
- *Kofax FraudOne Java Client Help*
- *Kofax FraudOne Server Monitor Help*
- *Kofax FraudOne Thin Client Help*

## Training


Kofax offers both classroom and online training to help you make the most of your product. To learn more about training courses and schedules, visit the [Kofax Education Portal](#) on the Kofax website.

## Getting help with Kofax products

The [Kofax Knowledge Base](#) repository contains articles that are updated on a regular basis to keep you informed about Kofax products. We encourage you to use the Knowledge Base to obtain answers to your product questions.

To access the Kofax Knowledge Base:

1. Go to the [Kofax website](#) home page and select **Support**.
2. When the Support page appears, select **Customer Support > Knowledge Base**.

 The Kofax Knowledge Base is optimized for use with Google Chrome, Mozilla Firefox or Microsoft Edge.

The Kofax Knowledge Base provides:

- Powerful search capabilities to help you quickly locate the information you need.  
Type your search terms or phrase into the **Search** box, and then click the search icon.
- Product information, configuration details and documentation, including release news.  
Scroll through the Kofax Knowledge Base home page to locate a product family. Then click a product family name to view a list of related articles. Please note that some product families require a valid Kofax Portal login to view related articles.

From the Knowledge Base home page, you can:

- Access the Kofax Community (for all customers).  
Click the **Community** link at the top of the page.
- Access the Kofax Customer Portal (for eligible customers).  
Click the **Support** link at the top of the page. When the Customer & Partner Portals Overview appears, click **Log in to the Customer Portal**.
- Access the Kofax Partner Portal (for eligible partners).

Click the **Support** link at the top of the page. When the Customer & Partner Portals Overview appears, click **Log in to the Partner Portal**.

- Access Kofax support commitments, lifecycle policies, electronic fulfillment details, and self-service tools.

Go to the **General Support** section, click **Support Details**, and then select the appropriate tab.

## Chapter 1

# Checklists

! Due to the deployment changes in recent Rails versions, no SP package will be supplied for the Ruby and Rails environment. The standard Rails installation method is used instead.

- Install Java JDK
- Install SP Java business model
- Install ImageMagick
- Install Ruby
- Unpack the Reports2 package
- Install the DevKit for native gems
- Update the gems system
- Install bundler
- Install the required gems
- Configure Reports2
- Start and test it

## Chapter 2

# Installing required FraudOne components

To perform the system login the Java business model is used. You will have to install the Java JDK and the business model on the machine where the reports server is located.

## Java JDK

The SOFTPRO business model is based on Java. It is needed for client login. It is important that the JDK version is installed (not JRE).

Install the version required by the currently used Java client. Also make sure that the JAVA\_HOME and PATH environment variables are pointing to the JDK.

## FraudOne business model

Install the SignPlus business model and all components and shared libraries required by it according to the *Kofax FraudOne Administrator's Guide*.

Make sure that the SignPlus root directory and the shared directory have been added to the PATH environment variable.

Note down the path to the SignPlus business model JAR file (SPClient.jar within the JavaClient directory), you will have to configure it in the reports server settings later. (You can test if this works by starting the Java Client and logging in).

## Check DB versions

Check that you are running the required database versions:

- DB2: Version 9.7
- Oracle: tbd
- SQL Server tbd



## Chapter 3

# Installing required 3rd party software

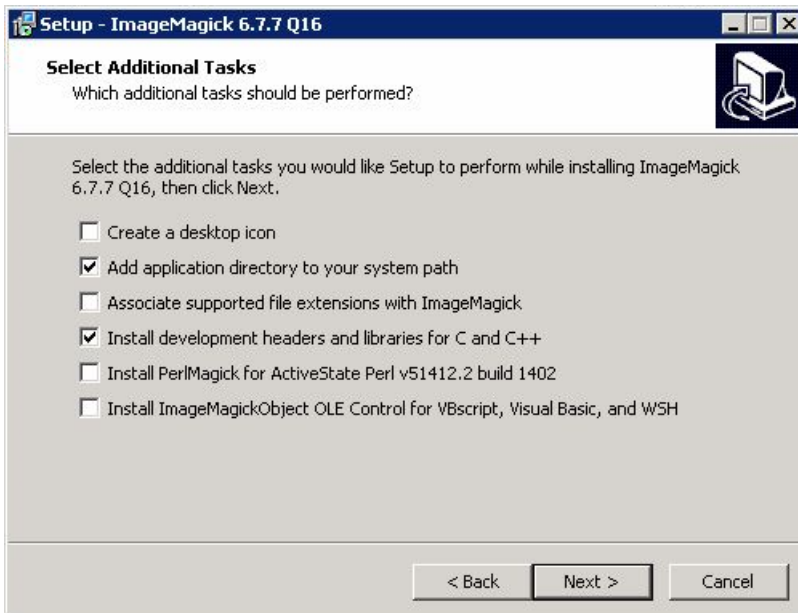
## ImageMagick

Background information: Reports use ImageMagick for all forms of graphical reports. ImageMagick has to be installed on the Reports server if graphics are needed.

Download and install ImageMagick-6.7.7-7-Q16-windows-dll.exe from <http://www.imagemagick.org/script/download.php>. The file is also available on the shared\3rdparty\ImageMagick repository and may be part of this shipment.

! Also make sure to install the C development headers and libraries part of the installation process:

Also make sure to install the C development headers and libraries part of the installation process:



Set following environment variables:

- set DFIImageMagick

environment variable pointing to where ImageMagick is installed

- set `PATH=%DFImageMagick%;%PATH%`  
if you don't already have it in PATH
- set `CPATH=%DFImageMagick%\include;%CPATH%`  
set `LIBRARY_PATH=%DFImageMagick%\lib;%LIBRARY_PATH%`

## Ruby

Instructions for installing Ruby and Rails are available on <http://rubyinstaller.org/downloads/>.

Install the Ruby binary, version 1.9.3p194 is the minimum. You can also find this on the shared `\3rdparty\ruby` repository or download it from <http://rubyinstaller.org/downloads/>.

The installation target must be a directory without any spaces (good: `d:\applications`; bad: `c:\Program Files (x86)`).

## Chapter 4

# Install reports

The reports come packaged in a ZIP file Reports2.zip. Unpack the ZIP file into an empty directory of your choice. This will become the root directory of the reports component. You will need to use this directory as a working directory and start the servers from here.

If you use customer specific reports in addition to the core reports, unpack also the customer specific reports ZIP file into the same directory. It will install additional customer specific files and overwrite some of the core settings. The customer specific reports ZIP file usually comes with your shipment (Reports2\_XXX.zip).

## Database configuration

The gemfile (list of gems to be used by the report application) contains entries for the currently supported database drivers. Only one of these needs to be installed.

Rename the file

```
Gemfile.sample
```

to

```
Gemfile
```

Edit the file

```
Gemfile
```

It is located in your report root directory.

Uncomment the entries that refer to your database engine located at

```
# Databases
```

## Gems

### Ruby Development Kit

Some of the gems we are using have native components. They will be built on our machine. To be able to do so, we will have to install the DevKit.

Go to <http://rubyinstaller.org/downloads/>, download and install the Development Kit. You can optionally use the version that is part of this shipment.

You can find complete installation instructions here: <https://github.com/oneclick/rubyinstaller/wiki/Development-Kit>

The installation target should be the devkit directory within the Ruby installation directory.

## Update the gem handler to the current version

Start the Ruby command line (available in the start menu) or start a command line window and add the necessary environment variables.

Navigate to the reports directory.

Versions prior to 1.8.24 have a problem reading SSL certificates to the server.

Run:

```
gem update --system
```

## Bundler

With Rails 3.2, gems do not need to be installed separately by the user. The application provides a list of dependencies that can be loaded automatically. The only gem that needs to be installed is bundler. It will manage the rest.

Do this by installing the bundler gem:

```
gem install bundler
```

## The rest of it

Since some of the gems (notably rmagick) will be built on the machine, the environment variables need to be set accordingly.

Check that the environment variables mentioned above have been set. Change to the root directory of your reports installation, then run:

```
bundle install
```

This will install all dependencies for the reports project with the required version numbers.

## Chapter 5

# Configuration

! Current versions of RMagick may have a problem with regional settings. You may have to set your number format to use '.' as a decimal separator on the server. Clients can use their own setting.

For a first time installation rename the file

```
config\database.yml.sample
```

to

```
config\database.yml
```

Open the file

```
config\database.yml
```

It contains the database configuration. Edit the production environment and enter your database details. The sample provides information for DB2, Oracle and SQL Server.

For a first time installation rename the file

```
config\reports\report_config.rb.sample
```

to

```
config\reports\report_config.rb
```

Open the file

```
config\reports\report_config.rb
```

It contains the report configuration. Check and edit the parameters in the first section (above the line that reads '# Do not change these:'). The settings are commented.

It is important that you set following settings correctly:

- The data model (:account or :customer).
- The REPORT\_GROUPS. Delete the report groups your customer does not use (no SC or Service for a SB only installation).
- If the customer you are installing has customer specific reports, a line with the customer name, pointing to the customer reports controller will be appended to the REPORT\_GROUPS.

- The available BNOs. The list contains one line for each BNO: the BNO number and a description text. If you do not have textual descriptions for the BNOs, enter the BNO number as description text. Keep descriptions short.
- The path to the 'splclient.jar' business model file (SPCLIENT\_PATH).
- Newer versions don't use the IE6\_COMPAT setting any more. Browser type detection is done automatically.

If you want to resolve queue numbers and feature codes to names change the setting WF\_SERVER\_NAME and point it to the machine name of the computer on which the workflow router (WFRouter) is running. If you have configured the workflow router to use a non-default message port set the setting WF\_MSG\_PORT to the correct port number. The reports server will now attempt to retrieve the queue configuration during startup. This will only work if the workflow router is running and the communication is not prevented by firewalls.

## Chapter 6

# Test

Start the server. Open the Ruby command prompt, move to the reports root directory and type:

```
rails server -e production
```

Instead of the '-e' switch, the environment to use can also be set via the RAILS\_ENV environment variable.

The server will start and display the port it is running on:

```
D:\dev\Demo\Reports>rails server
=> Booting WEBrick
=> Rails 3.2.5 application starting in development on http://0.0.0.0:3000
=> Call with -d to detach
=> Ctrl-C to shutdown server
[2012-06-25 19:26:35] INFO WEBrick 1.3.1
[2012-06-25 19:26:35] INFO ruby 1.9.3 (2012-04-20) [i386-mingw32]
[2012-06-25 19:26:35] INFO WEBrick::HTTPServer#start: pid=6764 port=3000
```

Point a web browser to the address:

```
http://localhost:3000
```

The reports log in page should show.

## Chapter 7

# Advanced topics

## Using the Mongrel server

The Reports2 bundle file contains Mongrel and the minimum version needed for Ruby 1.9. Currently the default Mongrel version (1.1.5) will not be able to run with Ruby 1.9, therefore the 1.2.0pre2 has been used.

If you want to start Mongrel instead of Webrick, start the server with the command:

```
rails server mongrel -e production
```

## Running Mongrel as a service

The 'mongrel\_service' gem used with previous versions is not available for Ruby 1.9.

Therefore, running Mongrel as a service has to be accomplished using different tools, like the Windows Resource Kit.

Do not start Mongrel with

```
mongrel_rails start
```

This will not work with Rails 3.

Use instead:

```
rails server mongrel
```


## Load balancing

Rails servers are single threaded and only process one request at the time. In heavier load environments it is available to use several servers with a load balancing mechanism. Several alternatives are available.

See <http://mywheel.net/blog/index.php/2007/01/26/hosting-ruby-on-rails-lighttpd-apache-mongrel-webrick-litespeed-and-nginx/> (Mongrel + nginx)

and [http://blog.innerewut.de/articles/2006/04/21/scaling-rails-with-apache-2-2-mod\\_proxy\\_balancer-and-mongrel](http://blog.innerewut.de/articles/2006/04/21/scaling-rails-with-apache-2-2-mod_proxy_balancer-and-mongrel) (Mongrel + Apache + mod\_proxy\_balancer).



 nginx is now available for Windows platforms.